VLR - 6-18-3 NRHP - NO

Listed On:

VLR 06/18/2003 NRHP -----

(Rev. 10-90) NPS Form 10-900

OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES REGISTRATION FORM

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form (National Register Bulletin 16A). Complete each item by marking "x" in the appropriate box or by entering the information requested. If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "NA" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions. Place additional entries and narrative items on continuation sheets (NPS Form 10-900a). Use a typewriter, word processor, or computer, to complete all items.

1. Name	of Property	·		- 	
historic	Nanzattico Archaec	ological Site	(Boundary	Increase	name
other nar	nes/site number 44KG6		•		
2. Locati	ion				
street & 1				XX	not for publication
city or to	wn Town of Index				vicinity
state Virg	ginia code VA coun	ty King George	code099	Zip	22572
3. State/	Federal Agency Certification	on			
propertie 36 CFR recomme	signated authority under the mination request for d is in the National Register of I Part 60. In my opinion, then that this property be of the sheet for additional com	letermination of eliginal Historic Places and more property me considered significant	ibility meets the doc eets the procedural and ets does not m	umentation stand d professional request the National	lards for registering uirements set forth in Register Criteria. I
			<i></i>		
	me		8/2/02		
Virginia State or Fed	Department of Historic Red deral agency and bureau inion, the property		t the National Register	r criteria. (Se	ee continuation sheet
	ional comments.)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Signature	e of commenting or other off	ficial	D	ate	
State or I	Federal agency and bureau				
4. Natio	nal Park Service Certificat	ion			
I, hereby	certify that this property is:		other (expla	in):	
ente	ered in the National Register				
See	continuation sheet.				
dete	ermined eligible for the				
Natio	onal Register				
_	continuation sheet.			Signati	are of Keeper
dete	rmined not eligible for the N	lational Register			
rem	oved from the National Regi	ster	Date of Action		

NPS Form 10-900 (Rev. 10-90)

OMB No. 1024-4018

U. S. Department of the Interior National Park Service Nanzattico Archaeological Site King George County, Virginia

name of property location

5. Classification
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)
private
public-local
x public-State
public-Federal
Category of Property (Check only one box)
building(s)
district
1 site
structure
object
Number of Resources within Property
THE PARTY OF THE PROPERTY.
Contributing Noncontributing
0 buildings
1 0 sites
O structures
O objects
1 Total
1001
Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register N/A
Number of contributing resources previously fisher in the National Register
No. 1 - 2 - 2 - 1 - 4 - 3 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1
Name of related multiple property listing (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.)
N/A
6. Function or Use
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)
Cat: Domestic Sub: Village Site
Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions)
Cat: Agriculture Sub: Agricultural Field
<u></u>

NPS Form 10-900 (Rev. 10-90) U. S. Department of the Interior National Park Service

Nanzattico Archaeological Site King George County

name of property location

OMB No. 1024-4018

7. Descript	ion
	ral Classification (Enter categories from instructions)
N/	
Materials (Enter categories from instructions)
	tion _ N/A
Tounua	M/A
1001	N/A N/A
waits _	N/ A
—	N/A
otner _	N/A
-	
Narrative l	Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)
	nt of Significance
Applicable	National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the property for
National Re	egister listing)
	- •
A	Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of
	our history.
В	Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.
c	Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or
	represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and
	distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.
xx D	Property has yielded, or is likely to yield information important in prehistory or history.
b	Property has yielded, or is likely to yield information important in premistory or history.
Criteria Co	onsiderations (Mark "X" in all the boxes that apply.)
Δ	owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.
^	Owned by a rengious manuation of used for rengious purposes.
В	removed from its original location.
С	a birthplace or a grave.
D	a cemetery.
	•
E	a reconstructed building, object or structure.
F	a commemorative property.
G	less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

OMB No. 1024-4018

NPS Form 10-900 (Rev. 10-90) U. S. Department of the Interior

Nanzattico Archaeological Site name of property

National Park Service	King	George	County,	Virginia	location
Areas of Significance (Enter categori Archaeology, P		ons)			
Period of Significance A.D. 900- Woodland		_			
Significant Dates N/A					
Significant Person (Complete if Crite N/A	rion B is marked	above)			
Cultural Affiliation <u>Late Wood</u>	land Period				
Architect/Builder N/A					
Narrative Statement of Significance	(Explain the sign	nificance o	f the proper	ty on one or mor	e continuation sheets.)
9. Major Bibliographical References	3				
Bibliography					
(Cite the books, articles, and other sou		aring this	form on one	or more continu	ation sheets.)
Previous documentation on file (NPS		OED (E) I			
preliminary determination of indiv	vidual listing (36	CFR 67) F	as been		
requested previously listed in the National R	eginter				
previously determined eligible by	the National Red	igter			
designated a National Historic La	me manonar reg ndmark	JSCG			
recorded by Historic American Bu	ildings Survey	#			
recorded by Historic American Er	igineering Record	1#			
Primary Location of Additional Dat	a				
X State Historic Preservation Office	•				
Other State agency					
Federal agency					
Local government University					
Other					
Name of repository: Virginia De	epartment of	Histor	ic Resou	rces	
10. Geographical Data				 	
Acreage of Property 15					
UTM References (Place additional U	TM references or	a continu	ation sheet)		
Zone Easting Northing Zone Easting			·		
1 2 4 See continuation sheet					
See continuation sheet					

NPS Form 10-900 (Rev. 10-90) U. S. Department of the Interior National Park Service

OMB No. 1024-4018

Nanzattico Archaeological Site King George County, Virginia

name of property location

verbal Boundary Description (Describe the b	oundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)	
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boun	ndaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)	
11. Form Prepared By		
name/title: E. Randolph Turner, III organization: Virginia Department of	I Archaeologist/Director, Portsmouth Regional Of Historic Resources date April 28, 2003	Offic
street & number: 612 Court Street, 3r		
city or town Portsmouth		
Additional Documentation		
Submit the following items with the completed	form:	
Continuation Sheets		
Maps A USGS map (7.5 or 15 minute series) indica A sketch map for historic districts and proper	cating the property's location. Critics having large acreage or numerous resources.	
Photographs Representative black and white photographs	of the property.	
Additional items (Check with the SHPO or FPO	O for any additional items)	
Property Owner		
(Complete this item at the request of the SHPO name Virginia Department of Gam	orFPO.) me and Inland Fisheries	
	eet telephone 804-367-1000	
street & number 4010 West Broad Stre	refebuotie	

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C. 470 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 18.1 hours per response including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Chief, Administrative Services Division, National Park Service, P.O. Box 37127, Washington, DC 20013-7127; and the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reductions Project (1024-0018), Washington, DC 20503.

OMB No. 1024-0018

National	Regi	ster	of	Historic	Places
Continua	tion	She	et		

Nanzattico Archaeological (Name of Property)
Site (location)
King George County, Virginia

Section	7	Page_	1

7. Summary Description:

The Nanzattico Archaeological Site (44KG6) is located in King George County, Virginia on the Rappahannock River Education (ca. A.D. 900 – 1607) Native Identified in 1972, Nanzattico represents a Late Woodland (ca. A.D. 900 – 1607) Native American village. Archaeological testing in 1995 documented the presence of well-preserved subsurface archaeological deposits, with the village encompassing approximately 15 acres.

Background

Situated in King George County, Virginia, the Nanzattico Archaeological Site (44KG6)

The dominant soil at and surrounding Nanzattico is Wickam fine sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slope, one of the most fertile and productive soils in the region, particularly from the perspective of Native American cultivation.

Nanzattico was listed in the state's archaeological inventory as 44KG6 in 1972 by Howard A. MacCord, Sr., then an archaeologist with the Virginia State Library. During the same year it was placed on the Virginia Landmarks Register. While no subsurface testing was conducted at that time, MacCord did obtain a substantial surface collection over an approximately six-acre area which included principally ceramics dating to the Late Woodland period (ca. A.D. 900 - 1607). Most common are shell-tempered Townsend ceramics typical of much of the Virginia Coastal Plain. Of particular importance is the presence of sand-tempered Potomac Creek-like ceramics dating to the latter part of the Late Woodland period and which are most common to the north along the Potomac River. Their presence likely represents the southward expansion of Potomac Creek culture into the Rappahannock River Valley shortly before or perhaps during early European contact in the region.

In 1995 the Virginia Department of Historic Resources conducted limited archaeological test excavations at Nanzattico which documented well-preserved subsurface deposits. Based on excavations in seven portions of the site and encompassing approximately 56 square meters (14 two meter by two meter test units), intact village midden and multiple features such as trash pits

OMB No. 1024-0018

National	Register	of	Historic	Places
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Nanzattico Archaeological (Name of Property)
Site (location)
King George County, Virginia

Section 7 Page 2

were identified with well-preserved faunal and botanical material. Of particular importance was a Late Woodland ossuary containing the remains of approximately 50 persons who had been buried here. Supplementing excavations, a comprehensive surface examination in association with shovel tests defined the site as measuring approximately 1250 by 800 feet and encompassing 15 acres. Further, this testing documented, as with earlier examinations, the presence across the site of both Townsend and Potomac Creek-like ceramics. While excavations were very limited in scope, it is clear that Nanzattico represents a well-preserved Native American village likely spanning several centuries. Also present at Nanzattico are lithic artifacts spanning the entire Archaic period (ca. 8000 – 1500 B.C.) as well as ceramic and lithic artifacts from the Early/Middle Woodland period (ca. 1500 B.C. – A. D. 900), although it is unknown if intact subsurface deposits still survive from these earlier occupations at the site.

While no archaeological evidence currently exists for an historic component to the site, it is possible that occupation at Nanzattico extended into the seventeenth century A.D. An examination of Captain John Smith's 1612 map of Virginia shows one village Kerahocak at the approximate location of the site of Nanzattico. Kerahocak was one of several settlements in the Pissaseck district or petty chiefdom which by 1607 was part of the Powhatan paramount chiefdom encompassing most of coastal Virginia. While Nanzattico is the leading candidate for the location of Kerahocak, additional archaeological research is needed at both Nanzattico and on adjacent properties before this can be conclusively demonstrated.

OMB No. 1024-0018

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Nanzarrico Archaeological Site King George County, Virginia

(Name of Property)
(location)

Section	8	Page_	3
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8. Statement of Significance

The Nanzattico Archaeological Site (44KG6) is significant in that it can address important archaeological issues related to the evolution and structural organization of chiefdom societies in eastern North America. Nanzattico meets the following criterion established by the National Register of Historic Places:

Criterion D. The site has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in history, namely

- * The site contains well-preserved archaeological deposits that can provide significant new information on Native American lifeways and community organization during the Late Woodland period (ca. A.D. 900-1607), including adaptive changes associated with the evolution of a chiefdom society.
- * The site contains archaeological evidence of both a pan-coastal tradition representative of the Powhatan chiefdom as well as spatially discrete evidence of excursions into the Rappahannock River valley by the Patawomekes to the north, thereby providing potentially significant new evidence on conflicts between the Powhatan and Patawomeke chiefdoms at the end of the Late Woodland period, conflicts which help define the local Native American political landscape described by the English upon their arrival in coastal Virginia in A.D. 1607.

Background

The Nanzattico Archaeological Site is a 15-acre Late Woodland (ca. A.D. 900 –1607) Native American village. It is in an excellent state preservation with intact village midden and features still present, along with both faunal and botanical remains. As such its archaeological deposits contain significant information for regional environmental adaptations and settlement pattern studies, internal community organization, subsistence practices, and socio-political and religious organization. The Late Woodland period represents a critical period of population growth among Native American societies in what today we call Virginia. Explanation of such growth and the changes accompanying it among Native American lifeways is dependent upon

OMB No. 1024-0018

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

(Name of Property) (location)

Section 8 Page 4

research at sites such as Nanzattico where significant archaeological deposits remain well-preserved.

Due to the documented presence of well-preserved burials at Nanzattico, the site also is likely to be significant for regional studies on Late Woodland period demography and mortuary practices. Human skeletal remains should provide significant data on possible dietary stresses and diseases local populations were facing just prior to European contact in the region. Related, during the Late Woodland period, major changes in socio-cultural complexity were occurring as populations evolved from egalitarian tribal societies into ranked societies known as chiefdoms. This process of centralization of socio-political and religious authority is most easily studied archaeologically through variations in mortuary practices as manifested at sites characterized by well-preserved burial remains such as at Nanzattico.

Nanzattico also contains significant evidence of both a pan-coastal tradition representative of the Powhatan chiefdom as well as spatially discrete evidence of excursions into the Rappahannock River valley by the Patawomekes to the north. This is seen in the Native American ceramics found at Nanzattico. Most common are shell-tempered Townsend ceramics typical of much of the Virginia Coastal Plain, although also present are large numbers of sand-tempered Potomac Creek-like ceramics dating to the latter part of the Late Woodland period and which are most common to the north along the Potomac River. Their presence likely represents the southward expansion of Potomac Creek culture into the Rappahannock River Valley shortly before or perhaps during early European contact in the region. The occurrence of both ceramic traditions at Nanzattico provides potentially significant new evidence on conflicts between the Powhatan and Patawomeke chiefdoms at the end of the Late Woodland period, conflicts which help define the local Native American political landscape described by the English upon their arrival in coastal Virginia in A.D. 1607.

NPS Form 10-900-a (8-86)

OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Continuation Sheet

Nanzattico Archaeological Site

(Name of Property)
(location)

King George County, Virginia

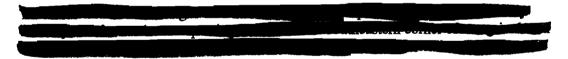
Section 10 Page 5

10. Geographical Data

UTM References

	Zone	Easting	Northing
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			

Verbal Boundary Description



Boundary Justification

The boundaries for the nominated site are restricted to that area where surface collections and subsurface testing have shown contiguous archaeological deposits to be present.