

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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**NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM**

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS
TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS

1 NAME

HISTORIC

Agecroft

AND/OR COMMON

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER

4305 Sulgrave Road

NOT FOR PUBLICATION

CITY, TOWN

Richmond

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

Third (David E. Satterfield)

STATE

Virginia

VICINITY OF

CODE

51

COUNTY

In City

CODE

760

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY

- DISTRICT
- BUILDING(S)
- STRUCTURE
- SITE
- OBJECT

OWNERSHIP

- PUBLIC
- PRIVATE
- BOTH
- PUBLIC ACQUISITION**
- IN PROCESS
- BEING CONSIDERED

STATUS

- OCCUPIED
- UNOCCUPIED
- WORK IN PROGRESS
- ACCESSIBLE**
- YES: RESTRICTED
- YES: UNRESTRICTED
- NO

PRESENT USE

- AGRICULTURE
- MUSEUM
- COMMERCIAL
- PARK
- EDUCATIONAL
- PRIVATE RESIDENCE
- ENTERTAINMENT
- RELIGIOUS
- GOVERNMENT
- SCIENTIFIC
- INDUSTRIAL
- TRANSPORTATION
- MILITARY
- OTHER

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME

President, Agecroft Association

STREET & NUMBER

4305 Sulgrave Road

CITY, TOWN

Richmond

STATE

Virginia 23221

VICINITY OF

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE,
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.

Richmond City Hall

STREET & NUMBER

900 East Broad Street

CITY, TOWN

Richmond

STATE

Virginia 23219

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE

Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission Survey

DATE

December 1977

FEDERAL STATE COUNTY LOCAL

DEPOSITORY FOR
SURVEY RECORDS

Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission - 221 Governor Street

CITY, TOWN

Richmond

STATE

Virginia 23219

7 DESCRIPTION

CONDITION		CHECK ONE	CHECK ONE
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EXCELLENT	<input type="checkbox"/> DETERIORATED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> UNALTERED	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORIGINAL SITE
<input type="checkbox"/> GOOD	<input type="checkbox"/> RUINS	<input type="checkbox"/> ALTERED	<input type="checkbox"/> MOVED DATE _____
<input type="checkbox"/> FAIR	<input type="checkbox"/> UNEXPOSED		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Agecroft is situated on twenty-three acres of land located between the James River and Sulgrave Road in the Windsor Farms area of Richmond. Entrance to the estate is provided by two access roads, one for service and a more formal drive containing the gate. The property consists of the main dwelling and its amenities as well as a formal English garden located to the east of the manor house.

Erected in 1926-7 in the Tudor-Revival style, the house incorporates architectural fragments from a 16th-century English priory and from Agecroft, a late 15th-century English manor house. On the use of the fragments, an early history of the house contains the following notice:

The new Agecroft was to be smaller than the original, since only the best parts had been brought from England, and the needs of Mr. Williams (for whom the house was built) were not excessive. However, a new addition was necessary—a service wing in harmonizing style. Changes in ground plan were also made, certain sections were to be placed in new relations to each other. All four sides of the former quadrangle were not to be reproduced.

Agecroft consists of a two-and-one-half-story, stone-foundation, gable-roof manor house from which radiates a series of wings and dependencies. The exterior walls of the complex are finished in a variety of decorative timber framing including oramental and herringbone paneling and small framing. Most of the architectural fragments found on both the interior and exterior of the house date from the late 16th and 17th centuries. Between the exposed timbers is rough-cast stucco which conceals a steel frame. Casement windows of latticed leaded glass are used throughout the building. Stone shingles cover the roof.

The main (north) facade is divided into two sections by a projecting central wing which defines one wall of a flagstone-laid courtyard. The main entrance is approached through an open loggia, the posts of which support the projecting wing. The entrance consists of a simple, segmental Tudor arch doorway similar in execution to others found throughout the complex. The most commanding feature of the elevation is a multi-sectioned, five-part transom window, twenty-five feet long, which retains most of its diamond-shaped quarrels. A stained-glass coat of arms as well as circular quarrels date to the 19th century. The window was transported intact from the original Agecroft and dates to the 17th century. Above the window are found smaller leaded-glass casement windows of the same variety repeatedly used throughout the house. Two projecting gables break the roof line, which is accentuated by the ornamental paneling found on the facade.

A service wing comprises the other half of the north elevation. Like the opposite end of the elevation, an enclosed cobblestone courtyard is formed from the projecting central wing and a side wing which contains a four-bay garage. Leaded-glass windows and close studding with middle rail framing characterize the facade.

Although the river (south) facade is more regular than the north, it contains similar detailing. Each bay of the elevation contains a large, leaded-glass window on the first story and an oriel window on the second story with a projecting gable on the roof line. The southwestern section contains the service wing, set back from the river elevation and enclosed by a brick wall on the west elevation.

(See Continuation Sheet #1)

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

- Agecroft Hall, The Story of a Tudor Manor House. Richmond: privately printed, 1940.
 Binney, Marcus; Strong, Roy; and Harris, John. The Destruction of the English Country House. Catalogue of the Exhibit of the Albert Museum in London, 1973.
 Burcher, Becky. "English Tudor House Pieced Together in Richmond." Newport News Daily Press, 10/28/77.
 Higham, John. Strangers in the Land. New York, 1955.
 Latham, Charles. In English Houses. London: Country Life, 1904. (See Continuation Sheet #1)

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 23.106 acres

UTM REFERENCES

A	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING	B	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING
C	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING	D	ZONE	EASTING	NORTHING

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE	CODE	COUNTY	CODE

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission Staff

ORGANIZATION

Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission

DATE

June 1978

STREET & NUMBER

221 Governor Street

TELEPHONE

(804) 786-3144

CITY OR TOWN

Richmond

STATE

Virginia 23219

12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION

THE EVALUATED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS PROPERTY WITHIN THE STATE IS:

NATIONAL

STATE X

LOCAL

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER SIGNATURE

TITLE Tucker Hill, Executive Director
Virginia Historic Landmarks Commission

DATE

FOR NPS USE ONLY

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PROPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE NATIONAL REGISTER

DATE

DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF ARCHEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION
 ATTEST:

DATE

KEEPER OF THE NATIONAL REGISTER

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INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

Agecroft, Richmond, Virginia

CONTINUATION SHEET #1

ITEM NUMBER 9 & 7 PAGE 1

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Nicholson, Brian. Agecroft Hall. (Scrapbook at Agecroft Hall), 1972.
O'Neal, William B. Architecture in Virginia. Richmond: Virginia Museum, 1968.
Stanard, Mary Newton. Windsor Farms. Richmond, 1926.

7. DESCRIPTION

The garden or east elevation contains a simple-frame, segmental pointed-arch doorway with leaded-glass windows on the first and second stories in a wing that projects from the main block of the house. The elevation faces onto a magnificent formal garden ornamented with statuary and lined with boxwood. The garden is terraced in order to conform to the slope of the promontory and was laid out by the noted landscape architect Charles Gillette.

The plan of Agecroft is as asymmetrical as the exterior. The first floor contains a formal entry foyer with an intricately carved oak staircase taken from Warwick Priory. Of special note are the grape-motif carved newels of medieval inspiration. Recessed paneling with incised molding down the stiles and rails complement the stair. The hall ceiling is decorated with ornamental strapwork which is also found throughout the first-floor rooms. The staircase leads to a balcony which overlooks the "Great Hall", from which radiate the principal rooms on the first floor. Besides the previously mentioned window, the Hall contains oak recessed paneling similar in execution to that found in the entry foyer. Other notable rooms are the formal dining room and drawing room, each containing oak recessed paneling and strapwork ceilings. A passage between the first-floor rooms exhibits elaborate linenfold paneling and a series of eight oak relief carvings. Four of the carvings are believed to represent portraits. The other four represent a classic Renaissance-style man. The second floor contains the bedrooms and a library, the largest room in the house. The library contains oak recessed paneling and an exposed timber ceiling. It is the only room that preserves the original furnishings of the builder of Agecroft, Thomas C. Williams.

The park surrounding the house is beautifully landscaped, also after the designs of Charles Gillette. When viewed from the river, the estate presents a picture of an English manor as revived and interpreted on the Virginia landscape.

RCC

Agecroft consists of 23.106 acres, the original size of the estate as laid out by T. C. Williams and landscaped by the landscape architect Charles Gillette. The northern boundary of Agecroft abuts the southern line of Sulgrave Road, the western boundary abuts the property line of Virginia House, the southern boundary follows the natural shoreline of the James River, and the eastern boundary follows the southern line of Long Lane.

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Agecroft, Richmond, Virginia

CONTINUATION SHEET #2

ITEM NUMBER 8

PAGE 2

8. SIGNIFICANCE

Williams built his new house on Windsor, a farm which he owned on the western edge of Richmond. Most of the tract was then divided into generous building lots, and an exclusive subdivision was erected over the next several years. In its American Georgian-style houses, Windsor Farms reflected the ideals discussed above; its "Colonial" architecture graphically expressed the social and architectural relationship between Agecroft and its neighbors.

The antiquarian, Anglophile, anti-urban impulses which led to the creation of Agecroft and Windsor Farms were explicitly acknowledged in a 1926 essay by Mary Newton Stanard, a prominent Virginia antiquarian of the 1910s and 1920s. Windsor Farms (a "typically English name") had "felt the heel of Indian warrior and English pioneer." Now T. C. Williams was fulfilling there his "vision of again planting an English village--a glorified English village on the banks of James River." Windsor Farms roads would "lead the way from city noise and unrest to homes of English architectural sturdiness. . . distinctly country homes." In the erection of Virginia House and Agecroft in their midst, Stanard went on to say, "England is literally being brought to America", a feat "almost too good to be real."¹

In 1968 Agecroft was given to the Agecroft Association, a group organized for the purpose of caring for and exhibiting the house, which was opened to the public in 1969.

RCC

¹ Mary Newton Stanard, Windsor Farms (Richmond: Privately published, 1926), n.p.